

**CONVENTION ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE USE, STOCKPILING, PRODUCTION AND TRANSFER OF
ANTI-PERSONNEL MINES AND ON THEIR DESTRUCTION**

Reporting Formats for Article 7 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations

STATE PARTY: REPUBLIC OF ANGOLA
DATE OF SUBMISSION: 30 October 2017

POINT OF CONTACT

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Form A National implementation measures

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
a) The national implementation measures referred to in Article 9."

Remark: In accordance with Article 9, "Each State Party shall take all appropriate legal, administrative and other measures, including the imposition of penal sanctions, to prevent and suppress any activity prohibited to a State Party under this Convention undertaken by persons or on territory under its jurisdiction or control".

<i>Measures</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
Besides the existing ordinary legislations in the country, no other legal measures were adopted within the period under consideration.	The existing pieces of legislation in the main legal and judicial documents of Angola (Constitution, penal code, civil code, family code and others) are sufficient to charge, prosecute and punish any national or foreign citizen who uses, produces, transfers, stores or encourages others to use antipersonnel mines within the country.

Form B Stockpiled anti-personnel mines

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
b) The total of all stockpiled anti-personnel mines owned or possessed by it, or under its jurisdiction or control, to include a breakdown of the type, quantity and, if possible, lot numbers of each type of anti-personnel mine stockpiled."

Benguela	Halo Trust	0	0	86	4.566.449	Completed
Bié	Halo Trust	0	0	132	6.066.893	Completed
Cabinda (1)		34	7.643.567	2	100.000	To commence
Cuando Cubango	Halo Trust	0	0	286	29.290.895	Completed
Cuanza Norte	NPA	0	0	41	6.539.230	Completed
Cuanza Sul	Halo Trust	0	0	130	7.792.000	Completed
Cunene	Halo Trust	0	0	41	2.575.367	Completed
Huambo	Halo Trust	0	0	15	816.664	Completed
Huíla	Halo Trust	0	0	36	3.219.680	Completed
Luanda	Halo Trust	0	0	48	13.695.192	Completed
Lunda Norte (2)	MAG	50	14.238.282	7	910.006	To commence
Lunda Sul (3)	MAG/ODAH	135	50.009.003	9	1.023.796	To commence
Malanje	APN/APACO MINAS	0	0	4	405.140	Completed
Moxico	MAG	0	0	243	13.500.817	Completed
Namibe	Halo Trust	0	0	3	253.750	Completed
Uíge	NPA	0	0	54	8.355.361	Completed
Zaire	NPA	0	0	12	2.890.000	Completed
Totals		219	71.890.852	1246	149.518.827	

Results from the Non-Technical Survey (Source: CNIDAH Data Base)

Remaining CHA and SHA, October 2017

Form D APMs retained or transferred

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

- d) The types, quantities and, if possible, lot numbers of all anti-personnel mines retained or transferred for the development of and training in mine detection, mine clearance or mine destruction techniques, or transferred for the

purpose of destruction, as well as the institutions authorized by a State Party to retain or transfer anti-personnel mines, in accordance with Article 3"

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

The National Demining Program provides the use of APMs for instruction purposes of different systems (manual, mechanic and canine) conducted by demining operators, especially the Demining Technical School located in Viana/Luanda.

1. APMs retained for development of and training (Article 3., paragraph 1)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
FAA	Claymore	08		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These types of mines were retained at the end of the Stockpile Destruction Project in December 2006, and are in possession of the Angola Armed Forces (FAA), the only institution in control of these ordnances. • In the context of development and training of FAA, they have been providing from the existing lots (mines for instruction) to INAD and the different mine action operators • Note: The amount of landmines retained (stored) for training purposes has not been changed from the previous report due to the lack of information at this stage, we will update it at the next report.
	Elsie	05		
	Gayata	10		
	MON (50,100 e 200)	04		
	M35	08		
	M966	10		
	M90	690		
	MAY75	222		
	OZM (3,4 e 72)	93		
	PONZ (2 e 2m)	45		
	PMN	06		
	PMM1/2	76		
	PPM2	68		
	P5	01		
	PRB (m409)	01		
	PPSrM1	33		
	R1M1	02		
	PMD	10		
	R2M2	01		

	T72	11	
Total		1.304	

2. Transferred for development of and training in (Article 3, par.1)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
N/A	N/A	N/A		
Total				

3. Transferred for the purpose of destruction (Article 3 , Para. 2)

<i>Institution Authorized by State Party</i>	<i>Type</i>	<i>Quantity</i>	<i>Lot # (if possible)</i>	<i>Supplementary Information</i>
N/A	N/A	N/A		
Total				

Form E Status of programs for conversion or de-commissioning of APM production facilities

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

e) The status of programs for the conversion or de-commissioning of anti-personnel mine production facilities."

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

Indicate if to "convert" or	Status (indicate if "in process" or	Supplementary information
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"decommission"	"completed")	
As the previous reports, there have never been any productions of anti-personnel mines in Angola, therefore there is no infra-structure for this effect.	N/A	N/A

Form F Status of programs for destruction of APMs

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

f) The status of programs for the destruction of anti-personnel mines in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, including details of the methods which will be used in destruction, the location of all destruction sites and the applicable safety and environmental standards to be observed."

State Party *Angola*

reporting for time period from: January 2015 to June 2017

1. Status of programs for destruction of stockpiled APMs (Article 4)

Description of the status of programs including,
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Location and Places of Destruction	In the polygons of destruction of war materials from the military regions (see Form G)
Methods	The destruction of mines in demining areas is usually done by detonation of explosive with electrical and pyrotechnic system.
Safety Measures	The safety measures adopted for the destruction of anti-personnel program mines comply with the provisions prescribed in the document "Standard Procedure for Humanitarian Demining of national reference - PCOS, in particular the adoption of the IMAS 11:10 (Guides for the destruction of stockpiled AP)
Applicable environmental standards:	The destruction is done in such way so as it does not affect the existing infra-structures and the environment in general.

Form G APMs destroyed after entry into force

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:
 g) The types and quantities of all anti-personnel mines destroyed after the entry into force of this Convention for that State Party, to include a breakdown of the quantity of each type of anti-personnel mine destroyed, in accordance with Articles 4 and 5, respectively, along with, if possible, the lot numbers of each type anti-personnel mine in the case of destruction in accordance with Article 4"-

State Party

Angola

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1. Destruction of Stockpiled Anti-Personnel Landmines (Article 4.)

Angola as a State party to the Ottawa Convention has fulfilled and disposed all stockpiled anti-personnel mines under article 4 within the deadline, ie on January 2007. This process was undertaken by the Angola Armed Forces with the technical advisory from UNDP and direct coordination of CNIDAH.

During this process all types and quantities of mines related to *form G* were disposed based from previous reports and according to the additional information from *form B* of the present report.

2. Destruction of APMs in mined areas (Article 5)

Type	Quantities	Supplementary Information
Diverse	See tables	<p>As result of the annual progress of the combined work from all operators, we have to inform the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Data of operators (NGOs) reported in the IMSMA system. 2. Data reported by the Executive Demining Commission operators (FAA, INAD, CS-PR and PNGF) out side the IMSMA system in diferente parts of the country during the period under reference (from 2012 to October 2017), which pallowed clearance of suspected harzard areas (SHA) and confirmed (CHA), Roads, High Voltage Power Transmission Lines, and removal and disposal of AP, AT, UXOs and different ordnances.

Progress Report

Year - 2012/2017

During the period in question, 393 areas were cleared, corresponding to 23,810,940 m². In addition to these areas, 52 roads were cleared, releasing 717,3 km previously affected by landmines. The operations in question were carried out by humanitarian operators (NGOs). (See table 3 and 4)

The Executive Demining Commission, through its public operators, under the national reconstruction tasks, carried out 798 verification / demining tasks corresponding to 3,988,323,999 m². In another area, the CED verified / cleared 129 roads, covering an area of 982.6 km. (See table 4.2)

In addition to these two actors, demining commercial companies verified and / or cleared 39 areas, corresponding to 49,868,333 m² and 14 roads. These tasks are part of the overall national reconstruction effort (See table 4).

For reasons associated to the way the data were initially processed, it was not possible to separate the demining data from the verification data, as would have been desirable. CNIDAH and CED continue to work, so that this assumption becomes a reality in the near future.

However, some cleared areas, both by the CED and by the private operators, correspond to areas in the database, and data are being analyzed to be entered in the system (IMSMA) and allow permanent updating of the Database.

In this document the results and plans of humanitarian operators (NGOs) and public operators (CEDs) are presented separately as they pursue different primary objectives, including humanitarian, reconstruction and development.

The main demining operators in the period 2012-2017 were public: Executive Demining Commission, through the Engineering Brigades of the Security Unit of the President of the Republic, the Angolan Armed Forces (FAA), the National Demining Institute and the Angola Border Guard Police.

Humanitarian operators: APACOMINAS, APN, ATM, DAC, MAG, MgM, ODAH, The HALO Trust and UDSSSED. A number of specialized demining contractors also participated in the various mine clearance tasks.

Form H Technical characteristics of each type produced/owned or possessed

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Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

h) The technical characteristics of each type of anti-personnel mine produced, to the extent known, and those currently owned or possessed by a State Party, giving, where reasonably possible, such categories of information as may facilitate identification and clearance of anti-personnel mines; at a minimum, this information shall include the dimensions, fusing, explosive content, metallic content, color photographs and other information which may facilitate mine clearance".

State Party Angola *reporting for time period from: June 2013 to October 2017*

1. Technical characteristics of each APM-type produced:

There was never any production of APMs in the Republic of Angola

2. Technical characteristics of each APM-type currently owned or possessed

Contrary to the information from the previous report, where it does not only mention each types of anti-personnel mines but also the anti-tank mines that could be found in the territory, about 79 types of anti-personnel mines including some anti-tank mines from 21 different countries were found, according to the updated information from demining operators (FAA, INAD, national and international NGOs and commercial operators) having their technical specifications been already described in previous reports.

Type	Dimensions	Fusing	Explosive content		Metallic content	Colour photo attached	Supplementary information to facilitate mine clearance.
			Type	Grams			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				See technical specifications in previous reports.

Form I Measures to provide warning to the population

Article 7.1 "Each State Party shall report to the Secretary-General ... on:

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i) The measures taken to provide an immediate and effective warning to the population in relation to all areas identified under paragraph 2 of Article 5."

Remark: In accordance with Article 5, para.2: "Each State Party shall make every effort to identify all areas under its jurisdiction or control in which anti-personnel mines are known or suspected to be emplaced and shall ensure as soon as possible that all anti-personnel mines in mined areas under its jurisdiction or control are perimeter-marked, monitored and protected by fencing or other means, to ensure the effective exclusion of civilians, until all anti-personnel mines contained therein have been destroyed. The marking shall at least be to the standards set out in the Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices, as amended on 3 May 1996, annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects".

1. Protection of civilians in mined areas

During the period of implementation of the extension request to which we have referred, the Angolan State through the related bodies has developed several actions, namely:

1.1 Awareness

Various actions have been developed to raise awareness among citizens and communities at risk through the solution-based methodology. This methodology is based on the fact that communities, once they have identified the problems, find the appropriate solutions to deal with them, using techniques and resources available in the communities themselves. Through this type of action, 55,190 citizens, including 14,496 women and 24,280 children, were benefited in the provinces of Huila and Moxico.

About 183,849 citizens benefited from awareness programme in different communities, using conventional awareness techniques. Among the techniques used during this period are seminars and lectures, including the training of trainers, with emphasis on primary school teachers and traditional and community leaders.

The media, especially radio, local and national and television (public channel) through the issuing of advertisements, alerting to the dangers that mines pose to citizens and communities played an important role in this exercise.

Awareness-raising meetings were also held with truck drivers and other professionals using hazardous areas. It should be noted that other communication techniques have also been used, such as discussions in the Jangos (community physical spaces for meetings and debates in suburban and rural areas as well as community theater.

1.2 Awareness and Marking

In some regions, such as in the provinces of Bie, Benguela, Huambo, 70 areas were signaled and marked using local materials. Such a technique is provisional and is part of the package of measures to remove civilians from suspected and confirmed areas. Among the material used

are stones, grass, sticks, etc. Unfortunately, in many cases, stakes are illegally taken away by uninformed or malicious citizens, thus putting others at risk.

TABLE FOR MINE VICTIMS (2012 - 2016)

Table of victims of accidents occurred between 2012 and 2016 by provinces
Note: It was not possible to separate the number of children per sex for various reasons.

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	31	48	65	144
Injured	57	57	93	207
Total	88	105	158	351

BENGO PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	2	0	1	3
Injured	0	0	0	0
Total	2	0	1	3

TABLE FOR MINE VICTIMS (2012 - 2016) BENGUELA

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	6	4	4	14
Injured	5	6	5	16
Total	11	10	9	30

BIE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	8	7	7	22
Injured	2	7	7	16
Total	10	14	14	38

CABINDA PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	1	7	10	18
Injured	9	4	7	20
Total	10	11	17	38

CUANDO CUBANGO PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	1	1	1	3
Injured	2	1	2	5

Total	3	2	3	8
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CUANZA NORTE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	1	3	4
Injured	0	1	2	3
Total	0	2	5	7

CUANZA SUL PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	3	0	3
Injured	0	0	1	1
Total	0	3	1	4

CUNENE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	2	2	4	8
Injured	8	4	11	23
Total	10	6	15	31

HUAMBO PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	5	3	1	9
Injured	5	3	5	13
Total	10	6	6	22

HUILA PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	5	9	8	22
Injured	6	2	3	11
Total	11	11	11	33

LUANDA PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	0	3	3
Injured	0	0	3	3
Total	0	0	6	6

LUNDA NORTE PROVINCE

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	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	0	0	0
Injured	1	0	1	1
Total	1	0	1	1

LUNDA SUL PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	0	3	3
Injured	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	3	3

MALANJE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	3	10	13
Injured	2	4	9	15
Total	2	7	19	28

MOXICO PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	9	6	7	22
Injured	6	24	36	76
Total	25	30	43	98

NAMIBE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	1	1	0	2
Injured	0	1	1	2
Total	1	2	1	4

UIGE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	0	0	2	2
Injured	0	0	1	1
Total	0	0	3	3

ZAIRE PROVINCE

	Women	Men	Children	Total
Dead	1	1	1	3

Injured	1	0	1	2
Total	2	1	2	5

Form J Other relevant matters

Some information given is provisional due to the ongoing work by the Technical Groups.

Information of Victims Assistance will be included at the next Report

Article 7.1: " States Parties may use this form to report voluntarily on other relevant matters, including matters pertaining to compliance and implementation not covered by the formal reporting requirements contained in Article 7. States Parties are encouraged to use this form to report on activities undertaken with respect to Article 6, and in particular to report on assistance provided for the care and rehabilitation, and social and economic reintegration, of mine victims.